

Summer Edition

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intense work and the flexibility in scheduling courses.

Still Valid Reasons

Vernon Aspaturian, professor of political science, aruged that the reasons for original adoption of the term system should still be valid. He added that the end of the Vietnam War would result in increased Summer Term

enrollment, because more students would choose to accelerate their graduation. Elton Atwater, professor of political science, said the semester system provided time for more adequate examinations and research paper

Proposed Faculty Club

Earlier Proposal



-Collegian Photo by Roger Greenawali

SENATE CHAIRMAN Arthur O. Lewis watches the action at Tuesday's Senate meeting as the faculty body votes to keep the term system.

announcement associated press uncommunication NewScope

The World

Ben Het Commander Claims Enemy Defeat Ben Het Commander Claims Enemy Defeat BEN HET — The first supply convoy to get through in eight days reached Ben Het yesterday, and an allied com-mander whose troops helped break the siege claimed that "the enemy is defeated completely." Other officers warned, however, that the Communist com-mand could launch a new attack at any time. Rumbling over a road littered with shell casings, empty ammunition tins, burned out tanks and empty blood plasma containers, the convoy entered the battered Special Forces camp six miles from the Cambodian frontier. But the defenders of Ben Het, who had been under attack for two months, were too busy repairing shell-battered bunkers to pay much attention.

The Nation

Rogers Issues Biafra Food Proposal

WASHINGTON — Secretary of State William P. Rogers issued last night a four-point proposal for reviving food ship-ments to Biafra and appealed to the warring parties for "the compassion, the forbearance and the will" to carry out the plan

Rogers spoke in a special statement following his pledge, at a news conference earlier in the day, that the United States is "going to do everything we can to help prevent this mass is going starvation

The carlier, tenuous relief line into breakaway Biafra has been severed by refusal of the opposing sides to agree on a method of shipments, and the central Nigerian government has clamped down on International Red Cross operations

has clamped down on internet and a second se

Defense Department Urges College Solutions

Defense Department Urges College Solutions WASHINGTON — The Defense Department urged Con-gress yesterday to let the colleges solve their own campus unrest problems. "Punitive action by the federal government probably would not be helpful," John S. Foster Jr., director of defense research and engineering, told the Senate investigations sub-committee probing campus violence. Foster testified particularly about student demonstrations protesting "war-related" research under Defense Department contracts. He said that issue was involved in demonstrations at the University of Pennsylvania, Columbia University. Stan-ford. George Washington University, and Massachusetts Institute of Technology. In none of the demonstrations, he said, has there been any exposure of classified information, although that possibility remains.

remains.

remains. In some cases, Foster said, universities have cancelled classified work following student protests. "Our view has been that each university must decide for itself the appropriateness of any particular research work," he said.

Mock Apollo Countdown a Success

By DENISE DEMONG Collegian Staff Writer

The University Senate voted Tuesday that the University continue operating under the present four term calendar, at least until 1972. The motion to continue under the present system, which was substituted for a motion to adopt a two semester plus summer term calen-dar, includes the following provisions:

-that the Committee on Resident Instruc-tion proceed to a thorough study of the calen-dar for the Summer Term, and seek means by which this period of the academic year can be made more flexible and practicable.

time for more adequate examinations and research papers. Undergraduate Student Government Presi-dent Ted Thompson said that a USG poll favored the semester system. Thompson said that the short term system is casily manipulated by students who get by on memorization alone. He urged the Senate to consider the educational quality of each system, rather than the number of students that could be served by each. dent Instruction to receive and review requests from the several colleges and departments for authorization of procedures that will remove or alleviate difficulties encountered under the term system.

-that the Committee on Resident Instruc-tion be requested again to review the calendar of the University during the academic year-1971-72 and submit a recommendation to the

term system. **Opportunity to Vote**

Senate either to change or to continue the basic

The Senate Committee on Resident Instruc-The Senate Committee on resident instruc-tion proposed a semester calendar at the May meeting, and a motion to adopt it was made and seconded at that time. The Committee, in presenting the recommendation, noted that they did not imply approval or disapproval of the motion, but felt that the Senate should have an opportunity to vote on the issue.

The motion was tabled until the June meet-ing at which time H. W. Sams, head of the English department, made the substitute motion calling for the continuation of the cur-rent system, which has been in effect for eight

Tuesday's voice vote followed an hour of discussion. David Yens, graduate assistant in educational psychology, said that a poll of graduate students showed a preference for a semester system, with its slower pace and opportunity for more research. He said that those who favored the term system liked the more

Walker Forms change and recommending ac-tions to appropriate bodies within the University." By KATHY CAPLAN

Collegian Staff Writer

Collegian Staff Writer A. commission has been established by U n i v e r s i ty President Eric A. Walker "to examine the basic principles and assumptions which guide the relationship between various segments of the University community," ac-cording to Walker. The 16-member commission was first suggested by Charles Lewis, vice president for stu-dent affairs, and was subse-quently established upon the recommendations of T ed Thompson, president of the Un d e r g r a d u a te Student Government, Ivan Sudborough president of the Graduate Stu-dent As sociation, Ron Batchelor, president of the Organization of S tu d en t G ov e rmment Associations, Robert Scannell, former chair-man of the University Senate, and Lewis. tions to appropriate bodies within the University." Don Paule, a student mem-ber of the commission said, "The commission rece ently formed by President Walker is a long overdue effort that will benefit the entire University community if the total mem-bership exerts themselves to their fullest extent." Although the eight student members of the commission have been meeting since June 16, the faculty and ad-ministration representatives did not join the commission until July 1 according to Paule. During the first few weeks that the commission met, the students organized the com-mission to work as various subgroups to research specific priority areas such as disci-pline, the Board of Trustees, the university government, the

pline, the isoard of trusters, the university government, the faculty and the role of the black student. "The summer commission creates for the first time an and Lewis. "I would hope that this commission would review all facets of the interaction between the

opportunity for the various

Board effect. "The legitimacy of this commission is unique," ac-cording to Shall, "because students comprise one half of the 16 member commission." All of these students, Shall said, are vitally aware of the pro-blems and needs of the

University. The commission has four main avenues of concern from which various topics for discussion will be derived. Ac-cording to Paule, the com-mission is to direct itself towards a study of the policy

making process at the University, its speed, flexibility and efficiency. The present policy of the University is to be examined. The effectiveness of existing representation of the University community will be under study. Also a priority will be assigned for con-sideration of the issues, pro-posed changes and requests for change currently before the governing bodies of the University. be examined. The offectiveness of existing representation of

Members of the commission

Rung said that officials planning the separate club facility were unable to tell him whether or not it would be self supporting.

"Unless we state otherwise, we are, in cf-fect, saying to the Penn State Foundation, 'We want your major effort now and in the next few years to be raising money for our Faculty Club,' " Rung said.

next meeting.

"In cases involving alleged academic dishonesty, individual colleges or com-monwealth campuses may establish a system of adjudication to recommend academic sanctions to the instructor. Academic sanctions

sanctions imposed. The decision of the highest appeals board established for this purpose shall be final."

Library Centralization

The Senate accepted a position paper on centralization of the library presented by the Committee on the Library and Other In-formation Systems. The paper recommends the centralization of all research collections in a single building, in order to eliminate the inade-ound of senatured reallections uncomplete

single building, in order to climinate the inade-quacies of scattered collections, incomplete bibliographic records, insufficient professional assistance and limited hours. At the present time, the paper calls for the allocation of branch libraries only for the physical and mathematical sciences and the related applied sciences. The paper does provide criteria for the establishment of ad-ditional branch libraries if necessary for such reasons as geographical inconvenience to the principal users of a collection.

reasons as geographical inconvenience to the principal users of a collection. Construction of the first unit of the research library is to start this month. The site will be dedicated at 2:30 this afternoon, on the parking lot east of Pattee. In other action, the Senate: —accepted the report of the Senate Com-mittee on Committees and Rules, defining the membership, selection and duties of the recently established Committee on Open Ex-pression.

-accepted the report of the Ad Hoc Committee on Higher Education Affairs

A Prove

Proposed Faculty Club Donald C. Rung, associate professor of mathematics, introduced a motion that the Committee on Faculty Affairs study a proposed Faculty Club to be built on campus by the Penn State Foundation. Noting that the University has an inadequate scholarship program and has asked the state legislature for additional educational funds. Rung said, "I take issue, not with the desirability of having some faculty meeting place, but the priority of building now such an extensive facility." The proposed club, which would be con-structed south of the Hetzel Union Building, would cost between \$1.5 and \$2 million, Rung said. He said that the planned club "has not been approved nor even solicited" by the Senate, "and in fact this proposed club is in violation of a Senate directive." He referred to a motion accepted in 1967 which encouraged exploration of the cstablish-ment of a Faculty-Alumni Club to be housed in a wing to be added to the Nittany Lion Inn. The dues of the club proposed by the Penn State Foundation would be about \$60 to \$75 a year for full professors, Rung said. The club proposed as part of the Nittany Lion Inn was to have dues of \$25 to \$50. 1. 14

-Collegian Photo by Roser Greenawat

SOME SUMMER days are just meant for relaxing, but what a way to relax. Time for all good students to get close to the turf.

Fuller Admits Error

going to pass out buttons.

By JIM DORRIS Collegian Staff Writer

William F. Fuller admitted yesterday that he was in error when he approved a Hille, request to set up a table on the second floor of Rec Hall during Summer Term registration last week.

The table was used to give out free buttons with "Israel Must Live" printed on them. Fuller, manager of Associated Student Activities, said that he "had space and authorized it, not realizing they wave give to do that kind of a were going to do that kind of a thing."

Hall space. The criteria take Fuller said that Barry Levin into consideration the purpose. called and asked for the table size, general value, commufor Hillel at registration. He nication needs of the organization and the purpose of the request. for Hillel at registration. He said the normal procedure in requesting a table at registration is to submit a re-quest to the ASA office. Fuller then meets with the enief justice of the Undergraduate Student Government Supréne Court and with the USG presi-dent if the court is not operat-ing to determine priorities for table space.

reguesting a table at of the request. registration is to submit a re-quest to the ASA office. Fuller then meets with the chief sustice of the Undergraduate Student Government Supreme dent if the court is not operat-ing to determine priorities for table space. Fuller said that 'Ted Fuller said that 'Ted Supreme Court in operation of the transformation? Does it meet the needs of the student body and the University?' Fuller says that he erred because he did no Supreme Court in operation and it was the first and only request for a table for Summer Term'' so there were no the table space. The philosophy of the USC

Reading, Writing, Relaxation

What Conflict?

--see page 2

Seven Cents

Senate Retains Term System

Rung Questions Proposed Faculty Club

Rung's motion will be considered at the

Approve W-21

As recommended by the Committee on Un-dergraduate Student Affairs, the Senate ap-proved rule W-21 which provides for separate handling of problems of academic dishonesty. The rule states:

sanctions to the instructor. Academic sanctions are defined as actions which affect the stu-dent's grade and or removal from a course in which the act of dishonesty was committed. Disciplinary action, other than academic sanctions, must be adjudicated according to Rule W-16.

If colleges or commonwealth campuses establish procedures for adjudicating cases of allegod academic dishonesty, they must also establish within their college or commonwealth campus a system of appeals to the academic pression.

CAPE KENNEDY - A launch crew repaired a leaky fuel cAPE REFINEDY — A latinch crew repaired a leaky neer valve yesterday and successfully completed a countdown rehearsal to keep America's man on the moon adventure moving on schedule toward a July 16 lift-off. Simulating launch day with the 363-foot-tall Saturn 5 rocket and Apollo 11 moonship fully fueled on its pad, project officials counted down to a make-believe blastoff at 12:51 p.m.

Despite the difficulty, the 5½-day test was the smoothest countdown rehearsal ever conducted with a Saturn 5-Apollo rocket. If Wednesday had been the actual launch day, Apollo 11 would have blasted off with more than one hour to spare before the moon would have moved out of range as a target from Cape Kennedy. A hold in the countdown was called just 1 hour, 50 minutes from the planned simulated lift-off time. A valve in the sytem that replenishes liquid hydrogen fuel in the Saturn 5's upper stage was leaking. Project officials dispatched a four-man crew to the site, located at the 200-foot level of the rocket's service tower. The technicians tightened the valve and sealed the leak, but not before 3 hours and 18 minutes were lost. *** * * * * ***

McGovern Calls for Systematic Withdrawal

WASHINGTON — Sen. George S. McGovern said yester-day that a secret session with Communist negotiators in Paris convinced him that the United States must start a "systematic withdrawal" of troops and quit supporting the Thieu regime in Saigon if it hopes to end the Vietnam war. The South Dakota Democrat sparked a new round of Senate criticism of Nixon administration Vietnam policy with his report on a 10-hour private meeting he had with North Vietnamese and Viet Cong negotiators in the French capital. "So long as we cling to our military policy of maximum

"So long as we cling to our military policy of maximum pressure and our political embrace of General Thieu," McGovern told the Senate, "the negotiations in Paris are a show and a colusion."

sham and a delusion." McGovern discussed the May 23 talks in Paris, which he said were conducted with the approval of the State Depart-ment and chief U.S. negotiator Henry Cabot Lodge, and told reporters at a pre-speech briefing "It fortified the views I have held previously." Secretary of State William P: Rogers, who was asked about McGovern's speech before it was delivered, declined comment on ground he had not heard it.

The State

Crash Helmet Ruled Unconstitutional

CLEARFIELD - A 1968 state law requiring motorcycle drivers and riders to wear protective helmets and glasses was declared unconstitutional yesterday by a Clearfield County

The general public does not require the direction or restraint imposed by this action," Judge John A. Cherry said in his ruling. It effects only Clearfield County. The law, passed by the General Assembly last July, re-quired protective helmets and glasses to be worn by cyclists. But Judge Cherry said the law violates parts of both the U.S. and Pennsylvania Constitutions, and stifles the rights of individual.

individuals.

viouals. The law was challenged by Dan P. Arnold, 52, a Clearfield The law was challenged by Danit a minor, out a helmet or attorney, who said he deliberately failed to wear helmet or goggles while driving his motorcycle in Clearfield. He was ar-rested by Clearfield police. Judge Cherry said the ruling is subject to appeal, but said he would continue to consider the law unconstitutional unless Jhis decision is overturned by the State Supreme Court.

members of our University community and the various avenues for proposing, initiat-ing and accomplishing changes Walker said. "The commission is not a legislative body but rather a body committed to studying assumptions community to research, study, and subsequently make recom-mendations on problems within the University," Paule said. Don Shall, another student member of the commission views this program as having studying assumptions, views this program as having relations, and proposals for a tremendously far reaching

are, Edward L. Mattil, chair-man, Carol Jo Abrams, Joseph Amendola, Deborah Chapman, John Boyle, Marian Davison, Raleigh Demby, John Leathers, Klaus May, Merrill Noble, Donald Olson, Donald Paule, Clarence Noll, Helen Peterson, Gary Scott, and Donald Shall.

Peterson. Ga Donald Shall.

"I assumed they were going to use the table to recruit new members for Hillel," Fuller said. "Had I known this was what they were going to do. it would have been a different story. I had no idea they were

Term" so there were no priorities to determine and the request was granted.

The philosophy of the USG procedure is that the "space should be distributed as to maximize opportunities for educational activities and ser-USG Bill number 22 from maximize opportunities for 1967-68 covers registration pro-cedures and gives guidelines for evaluating requests for Rec body as a whole."

High School Students Taste College Life

Upward Bound: Fun and Work

By KATHY McCORMICK Collegian Staff Writer

Classes, sun, and fun — sound like the summer schedule at Penn State? Students at the University this summor are sharing that agenda with over 100 high school students and re-cent high school graduates who are participating in the Up-ward Bound program.

Upward Bound is one of those federal programs, familiar Upward Bound is one of those furderal programs, familiar by name perhaps, but whose purpose and functioning is ac-tually understood by few. The 106 students enrolled in the University's program are part of a federal community action program involving 26,000 teenagers in 50 states and some ter-ritories of the United States. Eighty per cent of its funds come from the federal government, and 20 per cent is provided by the University.

The official statement of Upward Bound's purpose is: The official statement of Opward Bound's purpose as: "Upward Bound is a pre-college preparatory program design-ed to generate the skills and motivation necessary for success in education beyond high school among young people from low-income backgrounds and inadequate secondary school pre-paration. It acts to remedy poor academic preparation and motivation in secondary school and thus increase a volument's promise for acceptance and success in a college youngster's promise for acceptance and success in a college

James Perine, director of Upward Bound, takes one ex-ception to the statement. He said the University's program takes into consideration that college is not necessarily the answer for all students.

Identify Strengths

Some students may not be interested in college because they have not been able to relate to their high school education. Upward Bound gives them an opportunity to see what college is like and "to find out who they are and what they're all about. It helps to identify their strengths and weaknesses." Perine said. In addition, these youngsters may be more inclined to return to school later on.

The program is divided into three levels: high school graduates, those going into 12th grade and those going into 11th grade. There is also a very small number of students who will enter 10th grade in the Iall.

Leon Garner, who is 18 and comes from Belle Vernon, is one of the "bridge students," so called because they will enter the University as freshmen in the fall. Along with the other bridge students, Leon is taking some freshmen courses"

such as Biological Science I, though he will not receive a grade. Leon is in his third year in Upward Bound, having spent his first year at California State College. He thinks Upward Bound has definitely helped him with his courses, in his study habits, and getting along with others in the college environment

Deena Helton, a 17 year old from Mount Union and in her second year of Upward Bound, finds that she was more able to express herself in her high school, cspecially to her teachers.

Lack of Black History

Deena pointed out that she didn't hear anything about black people in her high school courses. Rosalind Helton, who will be a senior next year in Mount Union, said she had learn-ed "nothing on black history, period." Penelope Dillard agreed



-Collegian Photo by Roger Greenawall JAMES PERINE, director of Upward Bound, confers with associates. Perine is an instructor of Community Services in the College of Human Development.

and quickly injected that she had learned that day that **a** black man named Henson discovered the North Pole, but "someone else got the credit." Penny is a 16 year old from Uniontown.

One of the classes the students attend is a social studies seminar which looks at black studies and social programs. English and history courses include readings on the role of black more in history and becauting black men in history and literature.

Though there was some complaint about the length of classes. Debbie Reynolds, a Connellesville girl who is 16, thinks they are "cool." She finds them much different than high school classes and particularly liked that "you can voice your opinion and speak out."

Classes offered include English, math, science, social studies, and courses in the media such as photography, theatre, television, and film production. Art classes feature sculpture, oil painting, and some ceramics. The entire pro gram will last seven weeks.

Math and Reading

Math and reading courses are emphasized for all because "they are skill areas needing tremendous concentration." said Perine. Students are enrolled in the College Reading Improve-ment Program (CRIP). Perine noted that "their reading will guadruple between June high school commencement and Sep-tombor". tember.

Of the 54 bridge students, 39 will be entering the University in the fall, six will go to other colleges, five have jobs to go to, and four have not decided on their plans yet. Of those 39 coming to the University, over one half have been ac-cepted under normal standards, while others have been ac-cepted under special opportunities programs in the colleges. Teachers come from writes covered and and the interaction

Teachers come from various sources. Some are University instructors and professors, some are high school teachers, and some are graduate students. With a staff of 22 the ratio of teachers to students is one to three.

teachers to students is one to three. Within a group of Upward Bound students no two may have been recruited to the program the same way. For exam-ple, Madeline Stoner. 16 of Uniontown, applied through her guidance counselor. Later Perine came to speak to a group of those who had applied in Madeline's area. In Debbie's case guidance counsclors referred her to recruiters who then called and visited her. Perine said there are "infinite possibilities" for recruiting. Teachers, counselors, community 'action workers, ministers, and other students assisted in recruitment he said. Brothers and sisters, like Madeline who said, "I hope

(Continued on page three)



Editorial Opinion What Conflict?

The University Senate is a policy-making body composed largely of facul-ty members and a smattering of ad-On the low end of the totem pole ministrators with some student representation on a number of its standing committees.

Students, however, have voting rights only in the Senate's standing committees, they have no voting rights on the floor of the Senate itself. Therefore, the student body really has no say in the making of University policy.

In a speech given as part of the Artists and Lecture series last term, Clark Kerr, former president of the University of California at Berkeley, talked about the problem of giving students more power. Kerr said that students would surely be given a greater role in the making of policy at Universities throughout the country.

Kerr also said that, since the legislature and other outside forces are taking away some powers, the administration and the faculty will be extremely reluctant to part with the power they have left.

It seems that this phenomenon has happened at Penn State recently. The University Senate is adamant about relinquishing any power to students through voting rights on the Senate floor.

The Senators are obviously feeling the pinch of the Board of Trustees and the Administration. These groups are also worried about relinquishing any of their power since there is the possibility that the legislature of this state might usurp it.

The legislature is talking and vot-ing on measures to control campus dissent which would, in effect, make the Trustees and the administrators more responsible to the hand that feeds the University. Therefore, the faculty members must also feel this pinch. especially there has been talk in the legislature about faculty loyalty oaths being strengthened and calls for throw-

On the low end of the totem pole and, therefore, getting the raw end of the deal, are the students, those poor, lowly, transient souls who are trying to become responsible and make decisions for themselves, even though no one will allow them to.

As a perfect example of the asinine argument used to keep control away from the students is the one which the Senate used at its June meeting to reject allowing students to vote on the Senate floor.

The Committee on Committees and Bules which has no student representation but which met with some students, said that there were two reasons that students should not vote on the floor of the Senate. The first was because the Senate was constituted only three years ago "after an exhaustive study" and the unanimous adoption of the constitution, by-laws and standing rules, indicating 'overwhelming approval" of the principles-those of the composition. This is known as the old "Never let the power syndrome previously mentioned. go"

The second reason, and by far the most hilarious, was because a conflict of interest could arise if a person were voting on academic policy while pursuing a degree here. At Tuesday's Senate meeting the faculty members were debating and discussing the term system as opposed to the semester system. The discussion began academically but soon turned to the finer points of the systems, such as "will the faculty get paid for nine or 12 months under the semester plan? What will happen to federal, state and foundation grants to the faculty members if we leave the term system? Will we be able to work or do research in the summer?"

Conflict of interest??? Look who's talking.

PAUL BATES

Business Manager

THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1969

Daily Collegian: 5. Donna S. Clemson, Exec. Sec. 20 Sackett Bidg. University/Park, Pa.





Letters to the Editor

(Editor's Note: Following is a letter to the editor of the University's Alumni News which was also sent by the writer to The Collegian for publication. The writer asked that a copy of President Walker's article be published also since most students do not receive the alumni publi-cation. That article appears elsewhere on this page.)

Alum Attacks Walker Column

TO THE EDITOR: This is an open letter to President Walker

Alum Attacks Warker Column
To THE EDITOR: This is an open letter to President Walker from a recent meteorology graduate.
Dear Dr. Walker:
On June 14, 1969, when you told us not to merely hold a specialized job but to be thinking citizens and to work for the benefit of all monkind, your speech brought my four-year admiration for you to a peak. However, when I got home and read "The President's Page" in the May Alumni News, I could not believe my eyes. The only reasonable statement you made was that you don't understand the reasons for destruction on college campuses. I agree wholeheartedly. You don't even seem to realize that most destruction is caused by reactionary "vigilante" groups and by police. Furthermore, the assumptions you have made about militant students are unfair, insulting, and in most cases false.
First, you refer to working your way through college.
Most of the protesting students I know have good summer jobs, and some pay all their expenses by working in the school year also, though these days the study load is considerably greater than previously.
Second, you say students "...can 'goof off' and the welfare state will keep them." For one thing, even the 'uneducated'' ghetto people would rather work than be paid not to, let alone my fellow students. Furthermore, I don't mean to brag—just to show how unfairly you have insulted me. I ''gooled off'' so much (I hardly had time to demonstrate in Cld Main February 24) that I got a 3.70 that term.—y best average ever! The only other protesting meteorology major in my class makes the Dean's List quite Often. Others in there I know have excellent grades. The students who 'goof off' are the reactionary ones who were outside Old Main February 24. They were the violent ones: some threw eggs, one of which broke a student's glasses and cut his eye. Some swung at us as we peacefully marched out of Old Main singing. I heard they were angry because they had just flunked mid-term examited.

were angry because they had just hunded mid-term ex-aminations. Finally, the ultimate insult to my fellow protestors: "What they want to do mostly is take." No. Dr. Walker, my generation does not want to take like yours did—from the poor: exploiting the black man and the non-white peoples of Latin America, Africa, and Asia. We do not want to dress as though we're better than other people not as fortunate. We want to change society and not just be a cog by doing what is expected. We want to give to those in need and help them help themselves. Like you, we want to make a break in the social structure, but in a different way. You wanted to do what you though was right; now we want to do what we think is right. Dr. Walker, you have talked about the nccessity for an open mind. If your mind is open, perhaps you will read, and appreciate, an article by your colleague Dr. Holloman, Presi-dent of the University of Oklahoma, in Sunday Roto magazine in the June 15 Pittsburgh Press. This should give you some insight on student dissent.

insight on student dissent. Michael H. Merry, '69

President Walker's Letter to a Roommate

(This column takes the form of a letter written by President Walker to his former college roommate.)

Dear Bill:

It was good to hear from you again. I figure that in the 35 years since we graduated from college we have written to each other seven times or at about the rate of once every five years. And we have seen each other no more than four times.

But it is good that college friendships still remain, and I get considerable strength knowing that you are there and I can still talk with you. We both have achieved some measure of success. You have become a "tycoon" in industry, and I have put in my share of work in public (?) service.

I must say that the last paragraph in your letter and the question on which it ended has stirred me to try to reply. You say that you can't understand the reasons for destruction on college campuses, and I must admit that I can't either. And you say, "Who in the heck are these kids that would destroy the colleges that meant so much to you and me?"

I am not sure that I can answer that question, but it descrives some sort of an answer if one can give it. First let me tell you who these young militants are not. They cer-tainly are not people such as you or I. Both of us were the first of our families to go to col-lege. You once told me that your father could not quite grasp the idea of your going fifteen hundred miles east to Harvard. I am not sure that mine could either.

But you and I were both looking for something — a device by which we could make a break in the social structure and rise above the status in life that our parents had. My father was a blue-collar worker; and even though he worked with his mind, he was still a factory employee. I wanted something better than this and was determined to get it. A col-lege education, I felt, was the key to the situation. You once told me this was your position too. position too.

Both of us worked to get through college. I remember we both started our freshman year as waiters in the dining halls. The next year we went to work for the Georgian — you as a bus boy and I on the front end of the dishwashing machine. We stuck to it during the long and horrible depression when jobs were hard to get — seven long years in my case until I got my - seven long years, in my case, until I got my doctor's degree

Well, things are somewhat different today. Well, things are somewhat different today. Almost no one works his way through college. If the "old man" can't provide junior with a college education fully paid for — tuition, room and board — he expects to get it as a gift from somebody in industry or from the government, not as a favor and not as a privilege, but as a right. And since the person getting an education benefits from it more than anyone else, this is a point of view that I can't unders-tand and I'll bet you can't either.

Now let's look at it from the other end. Who are these militants who would destroy our campuses? Usually they come from fairly af-fluent families. Both father and mother have had a college education and usually father has a fairly important job in life. Junior, as he sees to compete perceible and us better then the 'teld it, cannot possibly end up better than the "old man.

College is not a chance to break out of the social structure; it is merely a must to keep up

with what the family expects. Moreover, money is of no consequence to many of these students. The "old man" will provide it anyway. There isn't any desire to go into a profession to insure a good job and a proper place in society. That comes whether or not they have a good job, and therefore, the idea of a professionallyoriented education does not loom as an important consideration.

Many of these "troublemakers," as you call them, go to college because it is expected of them, and the only end in sight after getting a bachelor's degree is another free ride in graduate school before they have to put their noses to the grindstone and do some work. (Or, as a matter of fact, will they ever have to work?) Perhaps they can "goof-off", and the welfare state will keep them, or they can marry it, or the "old man" will go on forever providing the wherewithal.

You have to remember that most of these noisemakers have never known a war or a depression. You and I knew two wars and two depressions, and we still run a little scared. We want the country to be in a position to defend itself, and we want to protect our families against the disaster of a depression.

Many of these kids feel they are not wanted, and the truth of the matter is that they probably aren't. They are not wanted because they have never given anything of themselves to anybody.

What they want to do mostly is take. They have never done any chores: they have never contributed to the upbringing, care, or discipline of younger brothers or sisters. Many of this kind are unbelievably unkempt and wear the shabbiest of clothes, not out of necessity — as many in our generation did — but because they find something exotic about dressing as though they were poor. What they want to do mostly is take. They

Frankly, it has been my obersvation that you'll never see a student from a poor family dress this way — probably because the poor know what it's really like, and find nothing romantic about it. Ever since birth these dissi-dents have had things laid out on a platter; and if they didn't get what they wanted, all they had to do was to throw a tantrum and the parents would settle with them by giving them what they wanted.

what they wanted. Would you believe that a student — a senior — came into my office recently and made what I thought was an impossible de-mand. I, from my point of view (over 30), couldn't see why he would think it would be granted anyway._But he certainly did. And when I refused to grant him what he wanted, he was not just awe struck but actually jumped up and down and shrieked and howled like a five-year old and apparently thought that his noise and disturbance would make me change - carefully considered decision. a carefully considered decision.

Such behavior must work in his own household, and this is a sad commentary on the kind of upbringing he has received. What do you think will happen to him if he ever joins General Electric or any other firm? My guess is he won't. He will probably go into welfare work on the receiving end instead of on the giv-ing. ing.

Well, Bill, it was good to hear from you and maybe we can get together at our 50th reunion. Sincerely yours, ERIC

WHY NOT ONE RELIGION?

Quality Of Religion Is At Least As Important As Quantity of Religion

Accident of Birth

JAMES R. DORRIS Editor

ng is a list of the executive Geraid G. Eggert, Pres. 110 Sparks Bidg. University Park, Pa.

PAGE TWO

Religious preference is, for most of us, but an accident of birth. We belong to different faiths because the ancestors of each accepted the faith of the community where they happened to live, and we in turn accepted without question the faith of our family. Thoughtful people know there is no reason to believe their religion is the one true religion.

Successor to The Free Lance, est. 1887

The Daily Collegian

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officers of Collegian, Inc., the publ Teress A. Borio, Vice Pres. 406 Packer Half University Park, Pa.

"The faith of your choice" is misleading. We do not choose our religionit is indelibly branded into us by indoctrination in childhood much as calves are branded on a Western ranch. THE GREAT AND INEXCUSABLE TRA-GEDY IS THAT PEOPLE OF THE HIGHEST INTELLIGENCE IN NON-AND OF THE GREATEST GOOD WILL REMAIN DIVIDED AND IN CONFLICT BECAUSE THEY REFUSE TO EVALUATE OR PERMIT OTHERS TO EVALUATE THAT WHICH THEY ACCEPTED IN IMMATURE AND INEXPERIENCED CHILDHOOD.

lisher feels that the interests of the greatest number of our readers are best served by avoiding controversial subjects of a religious nature." A Boston paper has rejected the ad, "Brotherhood Church is a free pamphlet."

When I submitted an ad of my Toward World Brotherhood to World Report, its Vice President in Charge of Advertising returned the check with the comment: "We do not think, however, that our columns can be available for this type of advertising, since we are quite sure it will involve us in controversy with other sects. If you feel there is some other way of writing your copy so that the controversial angle will not appear, then we'd be perfectly happy to run it." Is there any field except sectarianism where a great national maga

zine feels it must avoid a controversial issue?

ness."-John Dewey.

. your book which I am sure will make a real contribution to our present day thinking."-Rabbi Joshua Loth Liebman, Temple Israel, Boston. "I am confident that it will do much to contribute toward the advance-

ment of the high objectives which it so eloquently urges upon American public opinion."-Sumner Welles, former Under Secretary of State. "You are stressing one of the most important phases of religion that the

world needs at the present time."-Ernest John Chave, Divinity School, University of Chicago.

"I am referring your book immediately to certain members of our faculty and a committee which is now concerned with the development of a program The State College of Washing gion and ethics for

The Sectarian Mind

Members of the board of trustees and faculty of a college in Rhode Island subscribed annually to the doctrinal statement following: "We believe in the Scriptures of the Old and the New Testament as verbally inspired by God and inerrant in the original writings, and as the supreme and final authority in faith and life." Untold millions of people agree. Could any but a sectarian mind believe that a loving, merciful, just God would harden Pahroah's heart (Exodus 11:10) so that he would not let the Israelites go, then kill in each Egyptian family because he would not (Exodus 12:29)? Or kill everybody on the earth except the few people in Noah's Ark? Surely the slaughtered children were not to blame! Your sectarianism may be less crude than at the Rhode Island college, but sectarianism is basically the same everywhere-a blind and blinding belief which will not permit the sectarian to make free use of accumulating knowledge or other evidence which disproves or casts doubt on the basic sectarian commitment.

Conspiracy of Silence

Persistence of sectarianism is promoted strongly by the "conspiracy of silence" or so-called "religious toleration." There is a deadly parallel between the "conspiracy of silence" on sectarianism today with the "conspiracy of silence" on the "social diseases" a few years ago. So long as people were "too nice" to mention gonorrhca and syphilis, these diseases went largely untreated and ate away at countless victims. Because we are "too nice" to call attention to the errors and other evils within one another's sectarianism, they eat away at our religious life. The less defensible the practices of a sect, the more it stands to gain by the "conspiracy of silence." While critics of sectarianism generally remain silent, zealous sectarians urge their points of view with emotional fervor. Free and frank evaluation would reduce many evils of sectarianism, but neither sectarian leadership nor sectarian dictatorship willingly submits to such evaluation.

The "conspiracy of silence" seems as prevalent among educators as among others. The president of the West Liberty State College of West Virginia wrote me that he approved of Truth First discussion groups in religion but that the discussion should never question doctrine or belief.

Channels of Communication Closed

Many channels of communication are restricted or closed to those who would evaluate sectarianism. The Editor of Free World wanted to publish my article "Brotherhood: New World Religion" but some members of the editorial board objected and it was never published. A paper in a neighboring city has refused to run the ad, "Which is Wiser? To remain divided into the hundreds of religious sects into which we happened to be born, or to unite in an inclusive Brotherhood to replace existing sects?" on the ground that "Our pub-

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itself "Holy and its tradition "Sacred," a sect considers any "attack on it too wicked to be tolerated in the public press. Would any but a group unsure of itself deny its critics the opportunity to sell their points of view in an open market of ideas? Is that which must protect itself by such censorship really worth protecting?

Bulwarks of Sectarianism

These, then, are the four bulwarks of sectarianism: (1) Childhood indoctrination: (2) Reluctance of sectarians to reexamine their beliefs and practices freely; (3) "Conspiracy of silence;" (4) Closing of the lines of communication to those who would evaluate sectarianism.

Can anything be done to break through or by-pass the bulwarks?

One Religion Offers Most

One Religion defends six theses:

1. Refusing to examine itself critically or to face searching questions by others, a religious sect retains obviously untrue and harmful-even degrading-items side by side with items that are true, helpful and elevating.

2. Mutual frank evaluation of points of view by various sects is very much better than silent indiscriminate toleration by each of anything and everything that another calls religion.

3. A great proportion of the resources of each sect, given in the name of religion, is wastefully used up in just keeping alive and in promoting selfcentered sectarian ends rather than in ministering to the religious needs of individuals and communities.

4. Unless Christianity, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism, and other sects are merged into or replaced by a great One Religion, sectarianism will continue to divide the world and communities into self-centered groups, isolate peoples, use sectarian prejudice for political advantage, and stimulate conflict which is deadly dangerous in the atomic-space sects.

5. Religious life should and will be integrated in One Religion which should and will absorb or replace existing sects.

The intelligently religious person, knowing that religious preferences which divide people into sects are the result of indoctrination in childhood rather than of the greater truth, plausibility or superiority of any sect, will not hesitate to change to One Religion. Υ.

Are Brothers Fools?

Are those who try to organize One Religion of Brotherhood but fools rushing in where even the bravest angels fear to tread? At least we have received much encouragement from many who could scarcely be called foolish. Some comments on my Toward World Brotherhood which suggested and explained the Brotherhood Movement are:

"You have struck a very important note in the problem of world organization and unity. In fact I think the most important one as well as the most neglected and most needed. There is almost a conspiracy of silence on this phase of the problem-not deliberate, but certainly testifying to the immense strength of the sectarian evil you so ably discuss. Yours is almost a voice in the wilder-

5

Vice President.

"Your booklet is a fine statement."-Henry Noble MacCracken, former president of Vassar College.

Its contents are undeniable facts . . . It is a masterpiece, and should accomplish the purpose for which it was written."-Thomas L. Clarke, Justice of the Peace, Brown City, Michigan.

"I have placed it in the Library of International House where I am sure it will be profitably read and appreciated."-Helen Taubenblatt, Director of Admissions, International House, Chicago.

"It will prove a fine addition to our reference shelves."-Jean M. Mur-dock, Librarian, Public Library, West Bridgewater, Massachusetts.

. it will be the re-making of the world."-Eleanor V. Young, Boston. "I agree with every word in the book."-Carl C. Taylor, former president of the American Sociological Society.

"If at any time you form an active unit of this sort, I should like to be considered for membership."-Herbert J. Redfern, Keene Teachers College, Keene, New Hampshire.

Just Another Brain-Washing Sect?

Is One Religion just another brain-washing sect to divide religious people still further? There is a vast difference between an inclusive Brotherhood, modern in outlook and knowledge, where varying points of view are adjusted in the search for a fuller brotherhood, and the excluding, binding authoritative tradition built up over the centuries about a personal Savior or a chosen people.

One Religion is free to evaluate-free to accept or reject on the basis of quality alone. It is truth-seeking. Adherents believe that an earnest, intelligent search yields far more religious truth than the blind acceptance of the tradition of any sect.

Sectarianism is blindly propagandic. A sect has been defined as a group with closed minds who propagate what it already "knows" is the truth. Sectarians who mistake gullibility for faith are prisoners within the shell of their own sectarian tradition-no matter how fine or how foul the shell.

Brain washing, begun as early as possible and continued throughout life. is the sectarian process. Prospective clerics are brain-washed for years.

Each sect has its own "reforms" from time to time and may talk of "unity," but that is like clipping a few whiskers off the sectarian tiger and leaving the temper and the claws of the tiger intact.

IF YOU PREFER INTELLIGENT CHOICE OF RELIGION TO BLIND, BRAINWASHED, CLERICALLY MANIPULATED ACCEPTANCE OF FAM-ILY TRADITION WHICH KEEPS RELIGIOUS PEOPLE SEGREGATED, ASK FOR THE FREE PAMPHLET, "BROTHERHOOD: ONE RELIGION FOR ALL.

> Joseph I. Arnold 16 Garden Street Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Letters to the Editor

Ateya Questions Legality

TO THE EDITOR: In the late stages of registration, it was surprising to find a table carrying some publications and a lot of black buttons reading "Israel must live," and given free. This arrangement apparently was made by the United Jewish Appeal

Appeal. I believe that is entirely out of place because registration is held for courses and for other affairs and not for imposing certain points of view on the students in the un-due time. I would like to ask who permitted this table in and whether this is local or not? whether this is legal or not?

whether this is legal or not? The other question is whether those people who sponsored that activity are clizens of the U.S. or of Israel, and to which country are they loyal? I believe that dual loyality is a real serious crime, as 'criminal as spying or even worse. It is against the basic nature of human beings as being faithful, sincere, and frank

Is a source of the murder of numan beings as being father, sincerc, and frank. Israel is living there in the Middle East at the moment, as a result of the murder of the Arab country of Palestine. Being there, she has been the permanent source of trouble over the last 22 years. She initiated and won three full-scale wars dur-ing her cheat history.

Inter, she has been the permanent source of trouble over the last 22 years. She initiated and won three full-scale wars during her short history.
 The story of Israel and how she came to existence are strange enough. These Zionists came to our countries, and to Palestine in particular, as miscrable refugees escaping from death and persecution everywhere. We gave them room and they were able to get decent jobs. Unfortunately, they are ungrateful enough. They organized the Zionist, gangs like Haganah and Irgon and, by means of terror and massacres, they tore up a piece of Palestine and made it a little racist expansionist state called Israel. The United Nations had to condense the original Arab inhabitants of Palestine on the remaining smaller piece of land, and recognized the state of Israel in 1947. By 1948, however, the one year old Israel took over about 80 per cent of the area of her Arab twin and kicked most of the Palestianians out. Since 1967, she covers extensive areas taken from Egypt and Syria and all of Palestine. I would like to tell the people of UJA that Arabs, who have lived there forever, must live too.
 Badr Ateya

Women Elect Summer **AWS** Representatives

The Association of Women Gerrick (1st-liberal arts-Students held elections for Pittsburgh), vice president; Summer Term dorm represen- Jan Borish (4th-Division of tatives on Tuesday

Seven representatives were elected from each residence hall, and following the announcement of the winners, each seven elected their of-

Pittsburgh), vice president; Jan Borish (4th-Division of Counseling-Philadelphia); Jan Faust (1st-liberal urts-Wyomissing); Ingrid Lindberg (7th - psychology-Aitoona); Suzanne Musial (7th -Pittsburgh) and Phyllis Patrick (5th-psychology and English-Smethport). In Shulze Hall, the new representatives are Helen Bevan (1st-liberal arts-Bethlehem), president; Kathy McAnally (1st-liberal arts-Pittsburgh), vice president; Terry Luna (12th-marketing-West Chester), secretary; Lynne Cohen (1st-liberal arts-Philadelphia): Debbie Copley (1st-liberal arts-Pittsburgh); Anita Kellerman (8th-secondary education-Philadelphia) and Chythia Stagel (5th-management-New Cumberland). Major concerns of the sum-mer AWS council will be exficers, Victorious in Ritner Hall were Sue Gohner (9th-Psychology-Dover), president; Eileen Murphy (1st-secondary education-Pittsburgh), vic e president; Diane Katz (1st-liber al arts-Philadclphia), secretary) Joyce Rupp (4th-history-West Hazelton), treasurer: Nancy Flaminco (1st-elementary education-Pitts burgh); Suzanne Simenson (1st-liberal arts-Radnor) and Debbie Wenner (1st-liberal arts-Pittsburgh). ...The AWS representatives for

(1st-liberal arts-Pittsburgh). The AWS representatives for Wolf Hall are Carol Carberry (4th-English-Bedford), presi-dent: Mary Dambly (7th-general arts and sciences-Wellsboro), vice president; Linda Pope (1st-hum an d e v e 1 o p m ent-Pittsburgh), secretary: Penny Dresnin (1st-l i b e r a 1 arts-Philadelphia); Debbie Krekstein (1st-liberal arts-Harrisburg); Marilyn Taub (1st-liberal arts-State College) and Cheryl Thomas (1st-hum an development-Philadelphia)] Elected in Cooper-Hoyt joint Linda Pope (1st-human service and off campus living developmentPittsburgh), secretary: Penny Dresnin (1st-liberal arts-Philadelphia): Debbie Krekstein (1st-liberal arts-Harrisburg): Marilyn Taub (1st-liberal arts-State College) and Cheryl Thomas (1st - human development-Philadelphia)] Elected in Cooper-Hoyt join Council were Nancy Conaway (7th-elementary eduation-Yardley), president; Debbie

Volunteer Service Needed

Opportunities are still/retarded, available for students in- An orie terested in volunteer service those who work. According to the Volun-those who teer Service Center, there are already a variety of openings, ranging Wednesda, from the Head Start program 7 to 9 p to work with the mentally Developm

⁷ retarded. An orientation meeting for those who are interested and those who have begun working already will be held next Wednesday and Thursday from 7 to 9 p.m. in the Human Development Living Center.





Upward Bound, All Around in the PUB.

-Collegian Photo by Roger Greenawal HIGH SCHOOL students here for Upward Bound laugh over discussion of dining hall food. They are socializing

Students Adjust in Upward Bound

students.

\$6.98 list

School

(Continued from page one)

my brother and sisters get to go up here," are another source.

Who is eligible for the program? First of all, a student must, according to the official guidelines, have academic potential, but "who because of his poverty background has not had the motivation or preparation to use or demonstrate this potential." Such students must then meet the income "poverty criteria." In a family size of five, for example, the annual income cannot exceed \$3,900.

Perine, who is an instructor of Community Services in the College of Human Development, came to the University with Upward Bound which is in its second year at the University. Though he is from St. Louis, Missouri, he has worked in the Job Corps in Maryland and Washington, D.C. He described his first year with Upward Bound as hectic. Since Pennsylvania was a new state for him, he had to find out the details of scholarships and financial aid available; he called it the "whole madness of learning what it's all about."

"Mr. Perine is the swellest guy I know," said Madeline and all her friends agreed that "without Mr. Perine the pro-gram wouldn't be here." Deena added that 'he has put a lot of sweat and effort into it (Upward Bound)."

Though Debbie said that after she had seen the University she wouldn't want to go anywhere else, she and the others were not without complaints. Among them: no cigarette machines in the dorms, long walks to classes ("they should give us bicycles"), and no scap or towels in the bathrooms. "Strict" Regulations

Some found the regulations too strict. Perine said often the rules were just a matter of state laws, such as no alcoholic beverages at parties. The rules, he said, "are a responsibility to themselves (the students), to the program and to the community. Accepting additional responsibility gives them more to think about in terms of involvement." Major concerns of the sum-mer AWS council will be ex-tended open houses, visitation rules, experimenting with various systems of after hours service and off campus living for word

Students who have returned for their second year, such as Leon, Deena, and Charles Penn. 18 of Belle Vernon, don't like the new living arrangement which scatters the participants



Collegian Notes

A scholarship fund to be known as the Alumni Christian Scholarship Fund has been established at the University under the provisions of the will of the late Albert T. Rex. a member of the Class of 1908.

The fund is to provide scholarship aid for outstanding undergraduates who have high moral and Christian ideals, are involved in religious activities and studies, and who are in need of financial assistance for necessary college expenses.

F. Bruce Baldwin, Jr., of Philadelphia, president of B.M.C. Services and chairman of Cloverlay, Inc., has been re-elected by the Board of Trustees to a second five-year term on the Board of Directors of the Penn State Foundation.

The Board, composed of five members elected by the trustees and four by alumni, oversees the activities of the Penn State Foundation, the agency of the University which seeks private support and ad-ministers the Alumni Fund and the Development Fund of the the Development Fund of the University.

Biological Warfare UNITED NATIONS — A group of 14 international experts warned vesterday that use of biological and chemical weapons in any future war would open the door to horrors beyond con-

Experts Warn Against

in any future war would open the door to horrors beyond con-trol of mankind. The grim evaluation was in a report prepared at the re-quest of Secretary-General U Thant in compliance with a. General Assembly resolution. The experts summed up their conclusions in these words: "Were these weapons ever to be used on a large scale in war, no one could predict how enduring the effects would be, and how they would alfect the structure of society and the en-vironment in which we live. "This overriding danger would apply as much to the coun-try which initiated the use of these weapons as to the one which had been attacked, regardless of what protective measures it might have taken in parallel with its development of an offensive capability . . . civilians would be even more vulnerable than the military." Thant's immediate reaction was to urge the U.N. member countries to take threefold action: —Call upon all countries to reach agreement to halt development, production and stockpiling of all chemical and biological agents for purpose of war and to eliminate them from the arsenal of weapons. —Renew the appeal to all countries to accede to the 1925 Geneva convention against use of poison gasses and bac-teriological methods of warfare. —Make clear that the prohibition in the Geneva protocol applies to use in war of all chemical are biological agents

teriological methods of warfare. —Make clear that the prohibition in the Geneva protocol applies to use in war of all chemical or biological agents, including tear gas and other harassing agents. The United States has signed but not ratified the Geneva convention, but has pledged frequently to abide by it. The Soviet Union is among the countries that have ratified it.

and and the second second and the second and the second second second second second second second second second WDFM PROGRAM SCHEDULE 8-1—Penn State Week-end** Penn State Radio 91.1 FM WEEKDAYS 6 p.m.—News and Weather 6:05—After Six (popular SATURDAY noon-Classical and among the regular students in the dorms. Charles said that all their friends can't get together in the dorms after curfew. Decna agreed with Charles but admitted she does like to talk to the girls in her dormitory. Madeline said the students "don't look down on us even though we're not regular college Opera 5:05-Popular Music** 7-1-Penn State Week-end** music) 7:30—Dateline News 7:40—Dateline Sports 7:50—Comment 8:00—FRE(Q))UENCY** end** SUNDAY noon--Music Unlimited (popular music)** 6:05--Third Programme (classical) (**) denotes news and weather on the hour The dining hall food caused some controversy when Roger The dining hall food caused some controversy when hoger Gray said that even though he stuffs himself at meals, his stomach grumbles when he goes to bed. The others said at least the food was better than the food served in their high school cafeterias. But Roger wasn't completely dissatisfied. While he expected to lind fun and a lot of girls when he came to Upward Bound, now he thinks he can "compete with my homework." He still found the fun he was looking for too. (progressive rock) 10-12—Symphonic Notebook FRIDAY weather on the hour 6-8-Same as Weekends ారాయ గ్రామాయమారి చిళ్ళికే Sugar Str. Barrow Sugar A N D NEXI-HO7 ONLY \$5.25 per tape 57 Belleau Ave., New Rochelle, New York 10804 Dept. A A Favorite Snack or Address Meal Tradition in State College City State Zip Pop's Mexi-Hot () 8 Track () Cassette () Other No Membership Fee! No Minimum Order Required! You Are Never Sent Merchandise Unless Ordered. on College Avenue, next to Keeler's • Herlocher's after 9-



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All this, and now steamed clams, shrimp cooked in beer, and frosted mugs of beer. Enjoy!

418 E. College Ave.

Free parking in rear.

New Programs, More Hours; **First Summer for WDFM**

By RENA ROSENSON Collegian Staff Writer

Summer Term 1969 offers Penn State students an added medium which previous sum-mers lacked.

WDFM, Penn State's student operated radio station, is on the air 56 hours a week this summer.

A lack of trained personnel has made it impossible for WDFM to operate in past sum-mers, according to Joani Kale jta (7th-speech broadcasting-Shamokin). WDFM summer program director. At least three licensed staff members are needed for every shift dur-ing broadcast time, and the limited summer enrollment in the past made such a staff im-possible to recruit, she said. A lack of trained personnel

This summer there are close to 10,000 students on campus and out of that enrollment, the radio station was able to recruit a summer staff. Miss Kalejta added.

Citing another reason for the rew summer broad cast schedule. Miss Kalejta said, "We are a student service organization and there are 10,000 students to be serviced."

Besides servicing the stu-dents with broadcasting. Miss Kalejta said she fccls that since there are so few summer activities, the staff is hopeful that the freshmen will recognize WDFM and become interested in it. "If any University student is interested in WDFM, we have a place for him anywhere from sweeping him anywhere from sweeping floors to engineering," she

The most important reason for this summer's broadcast-ing, Miss Kalejta said, is that in it will give the staff the op-portunity to experiment with innovative programming.

The first new type of programming can be heard on the p r o g r a m "Frequency" which in c l u de s progressive music. In the past WDFM has

featured only classical and folk bers. Miss Kalejta said. music. Should "Frequency" be successful, Miss Kalejta said, it will be continued in the fall.

A second new program. "Comment." which gives the student the opportunity to listen to interviews with people who interest the public, is another new type of service of-fered to the students.

bers, Miss Kalejta said. Also included in the plans for fall is expansion of program-ming to 18 hours a day which would double the broadcasting time of the station. Sports cov-erage will be greatly expand-ed, and will include coverage of eight away basket ball games. News coverage has always been substantial. Miss Kalejta said, and will continue to be so. "WDFM is now 16 years old. Miss Kalejta said that the primary goal of WDFM as an activity is "to be a student run radio organization where stu-"WDFM is now 16 years old. Miss Kalejta describes the beginning operations of the station as an "orange crate operation" with the use of primitive equipment. Today, WDFM has the advantage of the use of modern equipment and modern programming. In the fall the facilities are to be expanded further to include a production studio, an engineer-ing room and a student lounge to be used by the staff memdents can actively participate in professional radio. Since we In protectional radio, since we don't have to take orders from faculty members and all decisions are made by our ex-ccutive committee, students learn to work together and to take on responsibility." She added that WDFM is a to be used by the staif mem-

training facility where students can learn broadcasting if they have no experience or where they may continue in their pursuit of learning about the industry if they have past ex-perience. perience.

The staff at WDFM said they feel that the students "don't realize we're here." They are striving to develop student in-terest in the radio station and to let them know they are here--at 91.1 on the FM radio dial.

A weekly survey of the top 30 records and a schedule of pro-gram notes is published by WDFM, and The Daily Col-legian publishes their broad-casting schedules.

Miss Kalejta said that all interested students may pick up applications for membership on the summer staff on July 9 in the HUB.





What do the See Me's See?

USG Plans Meeting of Orientation Government

An orientational student government designed for all new students will hold it's first meeting at 7:30 p.m. July 10 in the Hetzel Union Building Assembly Room.

"This new program for student involvement." according to Ted Thompson, Undergraduate Student Government president, "will be directed toward familiarizing new students with the various complex issues which exist at this University."

The purpose of this plan is "to inform and expose new students to the issues and techniques for handling the issues that will receive priority in the fall," Thompson said.

program. Selections of representatives to attend the meetings from every dorm floor will be made next week. In addition to the floor representatives. Thompson urged all students interested in student government to attend the weekly discussions

University's black student population.

Special

operating for its first summer term

WDFMers sport T-shirts for their latest cause. WDFM is





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Engineering Educators Discuss Social and Technological Change

Convention Stimulates Speech-Making

The American Society of Engineering Educators held their 77th annual meeting at the University last week. Following are some excerpts from speeches given during the convention by a number of the educators:

Eric A. Walker, University president, said last week that American colleges and universities must freethemselves from outmodedtradition if they are to keeppace with the real needs oftheir students.

their students. Addressing the awards dim-ner of the American Society of Engineering Educators meet-ing at the University, Walker sand. "It seems to be that a part of the problem on our campuses has been created because we have paid all too much attention to the question of what we teach and not of what we teach and not enough to the question of how to teach it.

"In spile of innovations in traditional teaching methods, and in spite of the constant ad-dition of new material and new techniques, the traditional pat-tern provide techniques, th tern prevails.

"We have modified and adapted our programs and methods but we have failed to question the fundamental validity of many of our basic concepts."

concepts." Walker, who also is president of the National Academy of Engineering, told the dinner that ~ A merican higher education had done a remarkable job in ac-commodating growing scores of students without any loss in the quality of instruction.

Yet, he continued, despite repeated adaptation, review and revision of the college cur-riculum, a major complaint of students today is the im-personality of their college lives.

"A student can spend four

"A student can spend four years at a large university and never really get to know a single one of his instructors well." Walker said. "He registers for the prescribed courses, attends his classes at specified times, takes the scheduled cx-aminations and adds a a few more credit hours to the total he needs for graduation. "The charge he makes that

he needs for graduation. "The charge he makes that he has become a number on an IBM card has some justication. "In spite of our growing recognition of individual dif-ference among human be-

recognition of individual dif-ferences among human be-ings...we have nevertheless continued to try to force our students into a pattern design-ed in many respects for a mythical average student. "Many of our practices are based upon time-honored con-ventions...We allow them to hem us in for no good reason. If is merely that we have always done things this way in the past.

always done things this way in the past. "I think we would do well to ask ourselves whether the changes we have made in adapting our educational system to the demands made upon it in recent years have been adequate—whether we have indeed kept pace in our colleges with the real needs of our students

Among the basic concepts of higher education questioned by Walker were:

month years to accomplish our month years to accomplish our purpose. Is there anything sac-rosanct in this? Isn't it time we ask ourselves very serious-ly whether we are right in trying to tie everybody to a standard four-year cur-riculum?"

The credit System — "Somehow or other every course has to be measured n numbers of credit hours or courses...The trouble is that the digits we are trying to use for measurement of credits are not the same size. It seems to me that all to often such a me that all too often such a system restrains us from doing what we really ought to do."

Lectures— "Too often, it seems to me, lectures are pret-ty wasteful devices by which symbols are transferred from the notcbook of the lecturer to

the notebook of the lecturer to the notebook of the student without leaving much im-pression in the heads of either one. Since all kinds of copying machines are now generally available, I see no reason why students can't be given copies of the professor's notes and thus avoid the distracting and thus avoid the distracting by longhand a set of symbols which...are often meaningless anyway. anyway.

Regimentation - "What can regiment students more than forcing them to attend class with 100 or 25 or even 10 other students listening to lectures in exactly the same detail, taking events in unleon and morehing exactly the same detail, taking exams in unison, and marching on to the final day when each will be given a grade. There is no freedom for the learning process here..."

Productivity — "In the total private economy, man-hour production has almost doubled since 1947. But where has been the increase in productivity in American education? The ans-American education? The ans-wer is that there has been very little. In higher education we are still teaching at the ratio of about 15 students for each faculty member and us-ing methods that have long since been outmoded."

since been outmoded." Walker said there is enough talent, in telligence and creativity in American higher education to devise a system tailored to meet the individual needs of students if educators would just take on the task. . "Isn't it about time someone applied the innovation, courage, money and freedom from tradition to try to do things differently?" he con-cluded.

It's up to engineers to solve the ills of today's society because social and behavioral scientists have failed to do the job, said Melvin H. Snyder.

"The students in engineering schools today will shortly be reshaping the world and they must become aware that their task is to apply science for the good of mankind;" maintained Snyder, professor of aeronautical engineering at Wichita State University.

Snyder called on a ll engineers to apply themselves to social problems, especially those created by technology. "The econo mists, the politicians, the humanists and the religionists have failed in this undertaking." he said. Walker were: "Technology can attack most "Technology can attack most "In general we take four nine-"In general we take four nine-munication, transpor-

tation-and is capable of solv-ing many of them." To achieve this redirection in the field of engineering, Snyder urged major changes in the humanistic-social stem of the

engineering curriculum in col-leges and universities. In particular, he saw, the objectives of these courses must be re-defined and courses be relevant to engineering students.

"Engineering e d u c a t o r s must join with their colleagues in the social sciences to offer more interdisciplinary courses relevant to today's problems," he said, "Education in the humanities and in the social and behavioral sciences must be improved both in the stem of the engineers' education and in liberal arts education.

"This may seem presumptuous on my part, but there is a vital need for courses in technology for non-technical persons," Snyder concluded. "Students in liberal concluded. "Students in liberal arts colleges and other colleges study science, but they don't study technology. They learn, for instance, that Darwin was a scientist and he discovered a a scientist and he discovered a certain principle, but they never heard of Bessemer, although the Bessemer pro-cess, which made available structural steel at low cost, has affected their lives much here the Denvice divergence

more than Darwin's discover of the process that he ascribe to evolution." *

Fired by increasing difdents both in mental ability and scholastic backgrounds and their stiffening resistance to required courses, a revolution in instruction has Among the changes that the instruction revolution will bring, Dr. Mitzel predicts new grading practices. "If our job is to help each of our students

begun. "The last three docades of the 20th century will witness a drastic change in the business of providing instruction in schools and colleges," Harold E. Mitzel said.

Is to help each of our students to achieve mastery over some operationally defined portion of subject matter...how much more relevant it would be if we could say, on the basis of ac-cumulated evidence, that John Jones has achieved 95 per ceal of the objectives in Engineer-The recipient of the Division's E m in ent Lec-tureship Award. Mitzel, who is assistant dean for research in the University's College of Education, believes that adap-tive education is the wave of the future. John Jones got a "B" in Engineering 101." the future.

Progress toward adaptive education—the tailoring of sub-ject matter presentations to fit the special requirements and capabilities of e a ch learn-er — will be the big difference between our best schools and our mediocre ones by the year "In the current wave of stu-dent unrest," Mitzel concluded, ir mediocre ones by the year

"... lies one big issue which the students themselves haven't spelled out very clearly. This is the issue of the relevance of contemporary collegiate instruction for students' lives. 2,000, Mitzel said. "With-society's new awareness of the inequality in higher education, university entrance standards will have It seems to me students are saying, albeit not very clearly, that they want some adult to care about them, to pay at-

nation's secondary schools. This lowering of entrance requirements will inevitably increase the heterogeneity of scholastic skills which make the traditional teaching job so difficult," Mitzel said. tention to them and to guide them.

HAROLD E. MITZEL, assistant dean for research in the College of Education, tells members of the ASEE that en-

trance standards will have to be lowered to admit sizeable

groups of blacks to Universities.

"War in the future, on any appreciable scale, will be vir-tually imposible because it will be too costly, too devastat-ing and there will be no vic-tory," said Arthur B. Bronwell, dean of engineering at the University of Connecticut in a panel during the convention of the American Society for Engineering Education. "The scientists and f

"The scientists and engineers who have created the diabolical instruments of war also are forging the essen-tial conditions of world stability and peace," Bronwell said. "Science and engineering have lifted western civilization have lifted western civilization have inted western civilization to a creative life that the world has never known before." However, Bronwell cautioned that the nation was woefully short of the number of scien-

He also suggested that a good way to begin adapting instruction to the students capabilities is to allow him to pace the rate of nis own instruction. tists and engineers needed to combat the problems of the world. ''To

world. "To rebuild our nation's citics, lift the people in the ghetto's to respectable housing and education, rebuild our decrept urban and interurban transportation systems. develop the limitless economic promises of the oceans, carry on research in interplanetary and interstellar space. deconand interstellar space, decon-taminate our lakes, rivers and ocean fronts, as well as the air

time provide v i gorous leadership on all fronts in scientific, technological and in-dustrial research will require far more scientists and engineers than we are educa-tion tedaw." Brewell solid ting today." Bronwell said.

All too often today's special All too often today's special education programs are geared toward Negroes and Indians with white middle class backgrounds instead of those whose experience is all "black and red," said Bert Avery. assistant director of the University of Oklahoma's School of Chemical Engineer-ing.

We are educating the wrong "We are educating the wrong people if we want to effect social change in today's society", Avery said. "Blacks and Indians with white mid-dicclass and up backgrounds can't communicate with the Blacks and Indians who have an all black or red background. "Yet these are the Blacks

"Yet these are the Blacks and Indians we should be educating, the ones whose ex-perience is black and red, not just those who can interface with the white community."

Speaking as part of a special panel discussion on "Engineer-ing Programs Designed for Minority Groups." Avery said that it is not enough "just to increase numbers, fill (ederal deprese for the set is for the decrees, or satisfy sciences." con

"We must effect .ocial change through all forms of education through special ac-missions and special support," he said.

Industry needs to place black Industry needs to place black engineers and scientists in the South to make job op-portunities more visible to black youngsters, said L. C. Dowdy, president of North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University.



the same as Dowdy said. Dowdy said. "High school children in the South still see the black pro-acher, the black doctor, maybe an occasional black lawyer. They never see black engineers or physicists or chemists." Dowdy said. "So when they go to college, they train for the same old jobs."

Calling for a partnership bet-ween business, industry and government. Dowdy suggested they begin by helping provide work experiences or in-ternships for students.

"How," he asked, "can a black youngster who spent his accounting internship in a corner grocery store making change from a cigarbox com-pete with a white student pete



"If you aren't convinced yourself, you can't start a fire burning in young people." Dowdy said.

Dowdy said. "We think too much of per-fection. If we are willing to take a chance on heart transplants, to spend millions on a space program before seeing concrete results, we can afford to take a chance on ad-mitting a few high risk stu-dents to our schools or offering minority groups tabs. minority groups jobs.



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sigh even when the dining hall serves spaghetti? The place for you is the Copper Kitchen where authenticity is the goal. The owner (who does all the cooking) and his wife take a personal interest in every step of the preparations.

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Collegian Notes

Illinois President Speaks at Site Dedication and head of the Department of

David Dodds Henry, presi-dent of the University of Illinois, will be the featured speaker today at site dedication ceremonics for a new research library at the University.

The program is scheduled to begin at 2:30 p.m. in the park-ing lot east of Pattee Library where the \$4.75 million first unit of the new facility will be located.

Embracing 130,000 square feet, the first unit will cover six floors and include five service floors, a data processing center, special study carrels, seminar rooms, exhibit areas, three high speed elevators, air conditioning and carpeting.

Three of the levels will be physically connected to the main library.

Targel date for completion of the first unit is May 1971. Eventually, library officials point out, the research facility

point out, the research facility will take up an area of 400,000 square feet. Joining in the corremonies will be University President Eric A. Walker: W. Carl Jackson, director of University Ibbraries; and Arthur O. Lewis, associate dean of the college of the liberal arts the liberal arts.

Following the ceremony, a reception is scheduled in the foyer of the Arts Library located on the ground floor of the West Wing. The public is invited to attend

the West Wing. The public is invited to attend. Also as part of the day long-program, an exhibit of the architect's renderings and model of the new research facility will be on display in the West Wing lobby.

Members of the University faculty will be speakers at the University Chapel Services during the Summer Term. The theme for the services, which will be held at 9 a.m. each Sun-day in the Eisenbower Chapel day in the Eisenhower Chapel, is "A Final Admonition from Faculty of The Pennsylvania State University."

James L. Perine, instructor James L. Perine, instructor in community services and director of the Upward Bound program will be the speaker for the University Chapel Ser-vice at 9 a.m. Sunday in the Elsenhower chapel. "Today's Christian and Our World: A Case for Resignation" is Mr. Perine's topic.

topic.

Information on scientific developments in mainland China will be gathered by Tienhsi Cheng, professor of zoology, during a six-month leave of absence, beginning January 1, 1970. Cheng, who is chairman of





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Starling came to the University in 1954 as a graduate assistant. He holds the master of science and doctor of philosophy degrees in genetics from here. He carned the bachelor of science degree in agronomy at Virginia the zoology section of the department of biology, plans to spend most of his leave in Tokyo, Hong Kong, and Macao. In addition to examining material at the National Diet Library in Tokyo and the Union Research Institute in Hong Kong, he plans to establish or renew personal contacts with knowledgeable

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all student production, will be held at 7:30 p.m. Monday at the Playhouse Theatre. Scripts sources and monitor broad-casts from inside China. A native of China, Cheng has been making use of his familiarity with the languages, the land and the people of the Orient to help alleviate the shortage of information on science and technology from inside China. may be obtained at 11 Arts and copies of scores to be learned at 103 Arts. Those auditioning should prepare a ballad and bring musical sheets.

Harold C. Brookfield, a member of the faculty of the Australian National University, James L. Starling, a memhas' been appointed professor of geography at the University. ber of the faculty since 1957, has been named head of the

Wolfgang E. Meyer, pro-fessor of mechanical engineernot be and head of the University's Traffic Safety Division of the Pennsylvania Transportation and Traffic Safety Center, will serve as acting director of the Center until Sept. 15.

until Sept. 15. During this time, Thomas D. Larson, director of the center, will be on leave while serving as a visiting research fellow at

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A Workshop on the Spatial Structure of Ribosomes will be held July 7.9 at the University under the sponsorship of the Department of Biophysics.

Department of Biophysics. The three-day program has been planned by Dr. Richard S. Morgan, associate professor of biophysics, for the purpose of bringing together scientists from all over the world whose research has to do with ribosomes—tiny particles in the living cell on which pro-teins are manufactured. teins are manufactured.

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Ronald Abler, assistant pro

fessor of gcography, is one of 30 university gcography pro-fessors invited to participate in a six-week summer institute on quantitative methods in geographic research at Ohio State University.

The Borden Award has been conferred on Robert J. Flipse,

professor of dairy science. Flipse, one of the world's leading authorities on the leading authorities on the biochemistry and metabolism of the bovine sperm, was selected for the honor for his research work in the dairy in-dustry. 1955 to 1958.

Borden awards are presented annually to dist-inguished research scientists Robert F. Schmalz, associate professor of geology, have been presented the Matthew J. and Anne C. Wilson Outstand-ing Teaching Awards at the University. for pioneer accomplishments in a number of fields. The award carries a \$1,000 cash grant along with a gold medal and a bronze plaque.

John P. Hagen, professor

were presented for the first Astronomy, has been elected a fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society, which time this year. Brindley was chosen for the Graduate Teaching Award and Schmalz has its headquarters in Lon-don. for the Undergraduate Hagen is one of the world's

Teaching Award. Hagen is one of the world's lead in g so lar radio astronomers and a pioneer in U.S. space efforts. He was director of this country's first major space effort, the Project Vanguard satellite program, conducted by the Naval Research Laboratory from 1955 to 1958 Retired Congressman George M. Rhodes, a veteran of 20 years in the U.S. House of Representatives, today presented his personal and official papers to the University.

Rhodes served as con-gressman from the State's 6th Congressional District (Berks and Schuylkill Counties) from 1949 until his retirement 'last George W. Brindley, pro-fessor of mineral sciences, and year.

Students for a Democratic Society will hold a meeting at 7:30 p.m. Tuesday in 203 Het-zel Union Building for the pur-

The awards, consisting of checks in the amount of \$1,000 cach and inscribed plaques. pose of electing a co-chairman. **COOL . . . AIR-CONDITIONED** Starts TOMORROW 2:00 - 4:30 - 7:00 - 9:30 "A RAUCOUS, VIOLENT, MAGNIFICENT, POWERFUL FEAT OF AMERICAN FILM MAKING! William Holden hasn't done

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